

Curriculum Development in a dual sector institution

School of Business & Service Industries June 2012











Charles Darwin University

- Amalgamation of NTU, Centralian College, Katherine Rural College and Menzies School of Health - 2004
- As with most dual sectors, it is not a partnership of equals as HE ends to dominate as senior staff are mainly HE.
- Three main campuses are Casuarina, Palmerston and Alice Springs plus several regional centres
- Delivery is NT wide



CDU

- The VET and HE activity are about even in terms of activity
- HE is about 70% on-line
- VET is predominantly face to face in a variety of modes but increasing on-line
- Research plays a major role at CDU and we do well at that
- In Tourism & Hospitality the only HE pathway is the BCOM which has specialisations



External forces - Students

- Student cohort is very diverse
 - Urban
 - Indigenous communities
 - VET in schools
 - International
 - Apprentices
 - Local industry programs
 - Student numbers are about 2,500,000 AHC



External - Market demands

- Thin market
- Competition from private providers
- Competition from providers with national contracts
- Seasonal with weather
- Top End recruitment around April for the dry
- Impact on training of back packers and 457 visas



External forces - Industry

- Tourism is important but investment in training is not always forthcoming
- Major area for us in Hospitality
- Events has started growing
- Constant staff turnover in the industry often makes it difficult to maintain relationships
- In a small region personal relationships dominate
- Expectations are high but ideas are not always viable



External – audit demands

- Need to deliver flexibly but audits are designed for face to face urban delivery
- Increasing demands of audit encourages a less flexible offering because of the extra regulatory requirements
- In a small organisation which offers a wide range of courses, the impact on lecturer workloads is significant



Internal influences

- Governance at CDU is heavily weighted to HE
- Academic Board & its Learning & teaching committees impact on time for VET regulatory functions
- Courses are purely nationally accredited.
- Fee for service are sometimes designed as nonaccredited but in the main they are accredited
- Regulatory demands do influence the academic approach to curriculum



Internal influences cont.

- The influence of TEQSA and ASQA
- Strong push for RPL and the NT government is giving us some money for this
- Risk and associated issues where there is only one staff member in an area eg Butchery
- Student mobility
- Desire for flexible pathways for VET to HE and the reverse is huge but we seem to have many obstacles.



Good curriculum & good practice

- At all stages, involve industry and TACs
- Set the curriculum: core and agreed set of electives (may differ north & south)
- We offer a basic range of Tourism & Hospitality courses
- Where there is demand for different electives, suggest on-the job
- Be flexible re delivery but consistent with assessment
- Try to provide consistency with learning materials



Staff

- Staff recruitment and retention
- Move north/south for a week or so to stress consistency and share particular expertise
- Need for professional development
- Staff encouraged to teach in HE where suitably qualified
- EBA will address salary issues from January 2013
 - common scale for teaching focussed academics



Business outcomes

- At the end of the day it is all about meeting targets and the academic considerations are not always the first priority
- In a regional jurisdiction we need to be involved with our industry across the NT
- Our delivery needs to be as flexible as we can manage
- Our staff need to be prepared to work flexibly



